"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

I. The Background

II. The Purpose

"I hope to come to you soon, but I am writing these things to you so that, if I delay, you may know how one ought to behave in the household of God, which is the church of the living God, a pillar and buttress of the truth."

1 Timothy 3:14,15

III. The Greeting 1:1,2

- A. The authority of Paul
- B. The certification of Timothy
- C. The triple blessing:
 - 1. grace
 - 2. mercy
 - 3. peace

House Rules for God's Church

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #1 No False Doctrine 1:3-7

I.	The P	roblem at Ephesus	3,4		
	A.	False teachers			
	B.	False teaching			
II.	The P	urpose of Paul	5		
	A.	A love produced by Christ			
	B.	A pure heart and a good conscience			
	C.	A sincere faith			
word p	reached preache	pure heart & cleansed conscience sanctification unity salvation unity transformation unity		love love love	1 Tim 1:5 John 17:14-26 Acts 2:36-47 Romans 12:1-13
III.	The P	roduct of their error	6,7		
	A.	They have no doctrinal anchor (foundation	on)		
	B.	They are led away (passively) into false d	loctrine		
	C. They have false ambitions				
	D.	They have no understanding			

House Rules for God's Church

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #2 Use the Law Properly 1:8-11

I.	The l	Law is Good, if it is used		8
	"the	law is holy, and the commandment is holy and righ	teous and good."	Romans 7:12
II.	The l	Law Was Not Given for the	·	9a
III.	The	Law Was Given:		
	A.	to restrain		9b-10
	B.	to reveal theof 0	God.	Leviticus 20:7,8
	C.	to generate an awareness of our		Rom. 3:19-20
	D.	to produce a sense of our		
	E.	to stir up more sin	us	Rom. 5:20
	F.	to show us that the source of sin is		Rom. 7:7-25
	G.	and that sin	us	
	Н.	and to show us the	of sin	
	I.	to be our temporary		Gal. 3:19-26
	J.	to lead us to	in Christ	
	The I	.aw: a restraining usea condemning u	sea sanctij	fying use
IV.	The l	Law Can't Do What the Gospel Can Do.		
	A.	The gospel is	(healthy) doct	trine. 10b
	B.	The gospel	God.	11
	C.	The gospel is	God.	
	D.	The gospel is our sacred	·	11b

House Rules for God's Church

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #3 Thank God for Salvation 1:12-17

I.	God's Grace Generates Gratitude	12-14
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- A. It is through Christ.
- B. It is personal.
- C. It is unlimited.

II. God's Grace Can Save the Worst 15,16

- A. It is Christ's mission.
- B. It can save the "foremost".
- C. It is an example.

III. God's Grace Glorifies the King 17

- A. He is the only God.
- B. He deserves all honor.
- C. He deserves it forever.

House Rules for God's Church

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #4 Wage the Good Warfare

1:18-20

I.	Our V	Var		18
	A.	We have our enemies:	Ephesians 2:1	1-3
		The	-	
		The		
	B.	We have our mission		
		It is a		
		It is a sacred		
		It is from It is		
II.		Veapons		19a
	A.	They are		
		and a good		
	B.	They are not of the flesh	2 Corinthians 10:1-5	
	C.	They are spiritual	Ephesians 6:10-20	
III.	Our V	Varning		19b-20
	A.	The problem: rejection		
	B.	The penalty: "shipwreck"	& excommunication	
	C.	The purpose: reden	nptive	

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Passages dealing with "...the faith"

 $\pi i \sigma \tau \iota \varsigma$ occurs 244 X in the NT, the references below speak of the content of our faith, the gospel, the Word of God, doctrine, the truth.

"when it relates to God, π i σ t ι s is the conviction that God exists and is the creator and ruler of all things, the provider and bestower of eternal salvation through Christ", Thayer

Lk 18:8	will Jesus find the faith upon the earth when He returns	
Acts 6:7	obedient to the faith	
Acts 13:8	seeking to turn the proconsul away from the faith	
Acts 14:22	encouraging them to continue in the faith	
Acts 16:5	strengthened in the faith	
Rom 10:8	the word of faith we preach	
1 Cor 16:13	stand firm in the faith	
2 Cor 13:5	test yourselves to see if you are in the faith	
Gal 1:23	preaching the faith he once tried to destroy	
Gal 3:23	before the faith came we were under the law	
Gal 6:10	especially the household of the faith	
Eph 4:5	only one faith	
Eph 4:13	the unity of the faith	
Eph 4:23	until we all attain to the unity of the faith	
Phil 1:27	striving side by side for the faith of the gospel	
Col 1:23	if indeed you continue in the faith	
Col 2:7	established in the faith	
1 Tim 1:2	my true child in the faith	<u> </u>
1 Timothy 1:19	holding faithshipwreck of their (the) faith	
1 Tim 3:9	hold the mystery of the faith	
1 Tim 4:1	some will depart from the faith	ס
1 Tim 4:6	being trained in the words of the faith and of the good doctrine	Pastoral letters
1 Tim 6:10	wandered away from the faith	og
1 Tim 6:20, 21	gone astray from the faith	2
2 Tim 3:8	disqualified regarding the faith	<u>e</u>
2 Tim 4:7	I have kept the faith	<u>6</u>
Tit 1:4	my true child in a common faith	장
Tit 1:13	reprove them that they may be sound in the faith	ı
Tit 3:15	who love us in the faith	V
Jude 3	contend for the faith	
Jude 20	building yourselves up in your most holy faith	

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #5 Pray for All Kinds of People 2:1-7

I. The Priority of Prayer 1,2a

I. The Priority of Prayer

ŕ

- A. Pray first of all
- B. Pray all kinds of prayer
- C. Pray for all kinds of people
- II. The Purpose of Prayer

- 2b-6
- A. Pray because it advances God's purposes
- B. Pray because it pleases God
- C. Pray because it is God's will
- III. The Apostolic Mission of Prayer

7

- A. Pray for Paul's mission
- B. Pray for Paul's target: the Gentiles, the world, all the nations...

"...in you all the families of the earth shall be blessed." Genesis 12:3

{cf: ch. 18:18; 22:18; 26:4; 28:14; Jer. 4:2; Acts 3:25; Gal. 3:16; Cited Gal. 3:8}

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #6 Honor God's Created Order 2:8-15

I.	God created a new entity: his body, the church
	("The Birth of the Church" notes)

- II. God created the men of the church to be holy 1 Timothy 2:8
 - A. Men are to pray (worship, lead) with holiness
 - B. Men are not to pray (worship, lead) with anger or quarreling
 - C. It's not about the posture (the external); it's about holiness (the internal)
- III. God created the women of the church to be holy 9,10
 - A. Women are to dress (adorn themselves) with holiness
 - B. Women are not to dress (adorn themselves) with unholy apparel
 - C. It's not about styles (the external); it's about holiness (the internal)
- IV. God created the roles for service in His church 11-15
 - A. Women are to be learners along with the men
 - B. Women are not to be pastor/teachers (elders)
 - 1. God formed Adam first, then Eve (created order) Two reasons:
 - 2. Eve was deceived; Adam **knowingly** transgressed
 - C. Women and men are both saved by the grace of God through faith in Christ. That faith is demonstrated by their willing obedience to their God-created roles. Child bearing is used by Paul to represent all facets of a woman's God ordained role as a woman created in the image of God, and her salvation is validated by her perseverance in "...faith and love and holiness, with self-control."

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #7 Select Qualified Elders 3:1-7

I. The Office 1 It is to be desired A. B. It is a good work C. It is God's design: a plurality of Godly men II. The Qualifications 2-7 ...above reproach... A. His reputation in the church B. His marriage as a measure ...a one woman man... C. His mastery of self ...sober-minded, self controlled, respectable... His ministry to others ...hospitable, able to teach... D. E. His temperament ... not a drunkard, not violent, gentle, not quarrelsome F. His money ...not a lover of ... G. His household management ...well, with dignity...submissive children... Н. His spiritual maturity ...not a new Christian... I. His reputation outside the church ...above reproach... (disgrace)

House Rules for God's Church

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #8 Select Qualified Deacons 3:8-13

I. The Office

A. Its origin *John 13: 1-17; Philippians 2:1-11*

B. Its development *Acts 6:1-7: the one another ministries of the NT*

C. Its purpose *service*

II. The Qualifications

8-12

A. His character ...dignified...not double-tongued...not addicted...not greedy

B. His doctrine ...the faith...clear conscience (doctrinal+ moral)

C. His testing not formal.....but observable by the church:...*blameless*

D. His wife ...dignified...not slanderers...sober-minded...faithful...

(not a separate office...but serving with him)

E. His household ...a one woman man...managing well...

III. The Rewards

13

...the serving well ones are continually obtaining for themselves...

- A. A good (high) standing before their congregation
- B. A good (lit. great) confidence in their personal faith in Jesus Christ

House Rules for God's Church

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #9 Learn and Live the House Rules 3:14-16

I.	The	Church's Mandate	14-15
	A.	Paul's hope	
	B.	Paul's purpose	
	C.	Paul's mandate	
II.	The	Church's Mission	15b
	A.	The church belongs to God	
	B.	The church must protect God's Word	
III.	The	Church's Message	16
		Jesus Christ was:	
	A.	manifested in the flesh	
	B.	vindicated by the Spirit	
	C.	seen by angels	
	D.	proclaimed among the nations	
	E.	believed on in the world	
	F.	taken up in glory	

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

House Rule #10 Beware of Apostasy 4:1-5



"Beware of false prophets, who come to you in sheep's clothing but inwardly are ravenous wolves."

> Jesus, Sermon on the Mount Matthew 7:15

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

A brief study of apostasy

The Greek verb ἀφίστημι (to depart or fall away) occurs 15X in the New Testment.

The Greek noun $\dot{\alpha}\pi\sigma\sigma\tau\alpha\sigma(\alpha$ (a falling away or rebellion) occurs twice in the New Testament.

Acts 21:21 "...and they have been told about you, that you are teaching all the Jews who

are among the Gentiles to forsake Moses, telling them not to circumcise

their children nor to walk according to the customs".

2 Thessalonians 2:3 "...for it will not come (the Day of the Lord is not present) unless the

apostasy comes first..."

The concept of apostasy can be seen in many passages of Scripture.

Jer 5:30,31 Ex 32:1-6 2 Peter 2:20-22 John 6:66 Romans 1:18-32 2 Timothy 4:3,4

A working definition:

"It is the abandoning of truth. It is not to be confused with mere indifference to the Word, for it involves an intellectual acceptance of the Scriptures. Neither is apostasy to be confused with error. It is not necessarily believing false doctrine. An apostate can acknowledge that certain doctrines are true, but fail to believe them in his heart. An apostate can acknowledge Christ without accepting Him. On the other hand, a true Christian could fall into doctrinal error, but that's not apostasy. Apostates have received light, but not life. They have known and accepted the written Word, but have never met Christ, the living Word." (Beware the Pretenders, John MacArthur[Panorama City: Word of Grace Communications, 1985], p.18).

Stripping off the sheepskin:

Scottish commentator William Barclay (1907-1978) comments on the perverted lives of apostates in his commentary on Jude:

"The aselges is the man who is so lost to honour, to decency, and to shame that he does not care who sees his sin and his immorality. It is not that he arrogantly and proudly flaunts it; it is simply that he can publicly do the most shameless things, because he has ceased to care for shame and decency at all. These men were undoubtedly tinged with Gnosticism. Gnosticism was that line of thought which set out the idea that only spirit is good, and that matter is essentially evil. If that be so, it means that the body is essentially evil. And if that be so, it does not matter what a man does with his body; since it is evil, its lusts and its desires can be sated and glutted, because it is of no importance to what is done with the body."

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

2 Peter 2

- 1 But false prophets also arose among the people, just as there will be false teachers among you, who will secretly bring in destructive heresies, even denying the Master who bought them, bringing upon themselves swift destruction.
- 2 And many will follow their sensuality, and because of them the way of truth will be blasphemed.
- 3 And in their greed they will exploit you with false words. Their condemnation from long ago is not idle, and their destruction is not asleep.
- 20 For if, after they have escaped the defilements of the world through the knowledge of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ, they are again entangled in them and overcome, the last state has become worse for them than the first.
- 21 For it would have been better for them never to have known the way of righteousness than after knowing it to turn back from the holy commandment delivered to them.
- 22 What the true proverb says has happened to them: "The dog returns to its own vomit, and the sow, after washing herself, returns to wallow in the mire."

Jude

- 3 Beloved, although I was very eager to write to you about our common salvation, I found it necessary to write appealing to you to contend for the faith that was once for all delivered to the saints.
- 4 For certain people have crept in unnoticed who long ago were designated for this condemnation, ungodly people, who pervert the grace of our God into sensuality and deny our only Master and Lord, Jesus Christ.
- 17 But you, beloved, ought to remember the words that were spoken beforehand by the apostles of our Lord Jesus Christ,
- 18 that they were saying to you, "In the last time there will be mockers, following after their own ungodly lusts."

In verses 20-22 Peter's description of an apostate is classic and describes Judas and all who are like him. The **downhill progression** should serve as a warning to our generation also:

REVELATION	i
RESCUE	ı
REJECTION	ı
RETURN	ı
REJECTION	V

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Question: "How can I recognize a false teacher / false prophet?"

Answer: Jesus warned us that "false Christs and false prophets" will come and will attempt to deceive even God's elect (Matthew 24:23-27; see also 2 Peter 3:3 and Jude 17-18). The best way to guard yourself against falsehood and false teachers is to know the truth. To spot a counterfeit, study the real thing. Any believer who "correctly handles the word of truth" (2 Timothy 2:15) and who makes a careful study of the Bible can identify false doctrine. For example, a believer who has read the activities of the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit in Matthew 3:16-17 will immediately question any doctrine that denies the Trinity. Therefore, step one is to study the Bible and judge all teaching by what the Scripture says.

Jesus said "a tree is recognized by its fruit" (Matthew 12:33). When looking for "fruit," here are three specific tests to apply to any teacher to determine the accuracy of his or her teaching:

- 1) What does this teacher say about Jesus? In <u>Matthew 16:15-16</u>, Jesus asks, "Who do you say I am?" Peter answers, "You are the Christ, the Son of the living God," and for this answer Peter is called "blessed." In <u>2 John 9</u>, we read, "Anyone who runs ahead and does not continue in the teaching of Christ does not have God; whoever continues in the teaching has both the Father and the Son." In other words, Jesus Christ and His work of redemption is of utmost importance; beware of anyone who denies that Jesus is equal with God, who downplays Jesus' sacrificial death, or who rejects Jesus' humanity. <u>First John 2:22</u> says, "Who is the liar? It is the man who denies that Jesus is the Christ. Such a man is the antichrist—he denies the Father and the Son."
- 2) Does this teacher preach the gospel? The gospel is defined as the good news concerning Jesus' death, burial, and resurrection, according to the Scriptures (1 Corinthians 15:1-4). As nice as they sound, the statements "God loves you," "God wants us to feed the hungry," and "God wants you to be wealthy" are not the complete message of the gospel. As Paul warns in Galatians 1:7, "Evidently some people are throwing you into confusion and are trying to pervert the gospel of Christ." No one, not even a great preacher, has the right to change the message that God gave us. "If anybody is preaching to you a gospel other than what you accepted, let him be eternally condemned!" (Galatians 1:9).
- 3) Does this teacher exhibit character qualities that glorify the Lord? Speaking of false teachers, <u>Jude 11</u> says, "They have taken the way of Cain; they have rushed for profit into Balaam's error; they have been destroyed in Korah's rebellion." In other words, a false teacher can be known by his pride (Cain's rejection of God's plan), greed (Balaam's prophesying for money), and rebellion (Korah's promotion of himself over Moses). Jesus said to beware of such people and that we would know them by their fruits (Matthew 7:15-20).

For further study, review those books of the Bible that were written specifically to combat false teaching within the church: Galatians, 2 Peter, 1 John, 2 John, and Jude. It is often difficult to spot a false teacher/false prophet. Satan masquerades as an angel of light (2 Corinthians 11:14), and his ministers masquerade as servants of righteousness (2 Corinthians 11:15). Only by being thoroughly familiar with the truth will we be able to recognize a counterfeit.

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"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

	Rule #10	Beware of Apostasy	4:1-5
I.	The Certainty of	Apostasy	1a
	They will o	depart from	-
II.	The Source of Ap	oostasy	1b
	They devote them:	selves to deceitful,	
	and the teachings	(doctrines) of	
III.	The Slavery of A	postasy	2
	They are i	nsincere so they	
	Because t	hey haveconsciences.	καυτηριάζω : to sear
IV.	The Slander of A	postasy	3
	They forbi	d	
	They requ	ire abstinence from	
v.	The Solution to A	Apostasy	4,5
	God's		
	God's wor	d	

"And God saw everything that he had made, and behold, it was very good..." Genesis 1:31

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..." 1 Timothy 3:15

Keep Your Hope Set On God 4:6-10 I. **Keep training the people** 6a these things... a good servant... II. **Keep training yourself** 6b in the faith... in good doctrine... III. 7a Keep away from myths they are irreverent... they are silly... IV. **Keep pursuing godliness** 7b-9 physical training is temporary spiritual training is eternal V. **Keep your hope set on God** 10 He's the living God who saves

all kinds of people...

that is, believers...

Rule #11

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #12 Be Devoted to Scripture 4:11-16

I. Scripture is authoritative 11,12

- command it
- teach it
- live it

II. Scripture is to be proclaimed 13,14

- read it
- explain it
- apply it

III. Scripture is to be practiced 15-16a

- focus on your life
- focus on your teaching

IV. Scripture will lead to salvation 16b

- for yourself
- for your hearers

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #13 Confront Sin in Love 5:1,2

Two commands...four groups of people

I.	The "how"		
A.	Do not confront with έπ	ιπλήξης, (epiplaxsis), (o	ccurs only here in the NT)
	Strong's Greek: 1969. έπιπλήσσω (epipléssó) to	o strike at, to rebuke (wi	th words)
έλέγχω	o -to convict, "reprove or rebuke" 1 Tim 5:20; 2 Timoth	ny 4:2; Titus 1:9,13; Hebre	ws 12:5(Prov. 3:12); Rev. 3:19
reprove	how someone his sin and to summon him to repenta e' nor 'to convince' in the sense of proof, nor 'to reveal n to repentance.' It implies educative discipline ."	' or 'expose', but to 'set r	ight', namely, 'to point away
B.	But confront withπα	ρακαλέω, to call along s	ide (109x in the NT)
	Strong's Greek: 3870. παρακαλέω (parakaleó) to	o call to or for, to exhort,	to encourage
	"To call to one's side to speak to produce a particular	r effect."	
appeal	l, exhort, warn, comfort, persuade, cheer, h	elp, rebuke, encoura	ge, ask, beseech
"1	appeal to you therefore, brothers, by the mercies of g Romans 12:		s as a living sacrifice"
II.	The "who"		
A.	Confront (encourage) older men as		
B.	Confront (encourage) younger men as		
C.	Confront (encourage) older women as		
D.	Confront (encourage) younger women as		."in all purity."

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #14 Teach the Care of Widows		5:3-8
I.	True widows must be honored by the church They are to be honored with respect They are to be honored with support	3,4
"But		
II.	True widows are godly women They are alone They are hoping in God They have an active prayer life	5,6
"But	"	
III.	True widows should be without reproach	7,8
"But…	"	

House Rules for God's Church

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #15 Teach Widows to Take Care 5:9-16

I.	Widows to enroll on the list	9,10
	A. They are truly widows (v.5)	
	B. They are at least sixty	
	C. They were faithful to their husbands	
	D. They are known for good works:	
	• has brought up children	
	 has shown hospitality to strangers 	
	 has washed the saints' feet 	
	 has cared for the afflicted 	
	 has devoted herself to every good work 	
	"But	
II.	Widows not to enroll on the list	11-15
	A. They are younger	
	B. They may abandon their faith (pledge)	
	C. They may live "idle" lives	
	D. They should remarry	
	E. They will then follow Christ, not Satan	
III.	Widows are to be cared for	16
	A. Their women relatives are to care for them	
	B. The church is to care for "those who are truly widows."	

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule	#16	Be Careful With Elders	5:17-25
I.	Be car	reful to honor them	17,18
	A. B.	Who rule well Who labor in the Word	
II.	Be car	reful with charges against them	19
	A. B.	They are "above reproach" (3:2) Two or more witnesses are required	
III.	Be car	reful when disciplining them	20,21
	A. B.	Rebuke unrepentant sin Keep these rules without partiality	
IV.	Be car	22-25	
	A. B.	Take time or you may share in their sin Time reveals true character, good or bad	

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #17		Serve Others	With God in Mind	6:1-2a
I.	The Command: Regard your masters worthy of			1a
	A.	You are a		
	B.	Your master is _		
II.	The	Reason: The	of God is at stake.	1b
	A.	The	of God may be blasphemed.	
	B.	The	of God may be blasphemed.	
III.	The	Commands:		2 a
	A.	Don't	them at all.	
" but"	B.		them better.	
IV.	The	Reasons:		2b
	A.	They are	·	
	B.	They are	·	
	C.	They	·	
		"Teach and	Turge these things."	20
			ALL MASTERS 6:1 BELIEVING MASTERS 6:2	

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"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Títus

Apostolic Wisdom for a Life of Good Works

Week 7 The Teaching of Slaves

2:9,10

As Paul continues to instruct Titus in how he should disciple the believers on Crete he deals with a new category of Christian. He has moved from the priority of elders or pastors (1:1-16) to various gender and age groups (2:1-6), to Titus himself (1:7,8) and now to slaves, a social category. What might seem lacking to contemporary readers in this passage, considering the current evangelical preoccupation with "social justice", liberation theology, racial issues, etc., is any judgment by Paul on the morality of the institution. That is not his priority. His concern is that all believers in Jesus Christ be grounded in pure doctrine *and* that their lives would be lived in obedience to that teaching. This is how the Gospel will move forward in the world and how God is glorified through it. In spite of the historical or cultural connotations the best English rendering for the Greek word $\delta o \tilde{u} \delta o \tilde{s}$ is *slave*. (*Cf.* page 47)

A. Slaves are to be:

•	submissive to their own masters in everything	
	describes wives in v.5 to their own	
	describes all believers to	&

• well pleasing an adjective always used in reference to what is pleasing to _____

not argumentative used in 1:9 of false teachers

not pilferinglike Onesimus the slave apparently did (Cf. Philemon)showing all good faithorshowing yourself completely faithful in goodness

B. The purpose is to *adorn the doctrine of God our Savior*.

Once again Paul shows his deep concern that no matter what their gender, age or station in life, all believers must display lives consistant with all that is revealed in Scripture.

But thanks be to God, that you who were once slaves of sin have become obedient from the heart to the standard of teaching to which you were committed, and, having been set free from sin,

have become slaves of righteousness.

Romans 6:17,18

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"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Questions to Consider

1 Corinthians 7:1 (I know,	7-24; Ephesians 6:5-9; Colossians	for our thinking on <i>slavery</i> read Romans ch 3:22-25; 4:1; 1Timothy 6:1,2; and Philemo † 11 minutes to readI timed it) with the class.
What is the first		ned" by his self-identification in 1:1a? even before identifying as <i>"an apostle</i>
What would be th	e consequences for failure to obe	y Paul's command in 2:9-10?
What are the cons	sequences for us on our "island" o	f service if we fail in these areas?
-	-	s for repenting of and for making "repo
And from Paul's p three forces:	erspective in Ephesians 2:1ff the	y are enslaved to and happily serving
1	2	3

death, even death on a cross.
Philippians 2:3-8

House Rules for God's Church

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #18 Teach and Live Healthy Doctrine 6:2c-10

I.	Fals	e teachers communicate their spiritual "disease"	3
	A.	Their teaching is	
	B.	Their teaching is	
	C.	Their teaching is	
II.	Fals	e teachers have a spiritual "heart condition"	4a
	A.	They are	
	B.	They understand	
	C.	They are addicted to	
III.	Fals	e teachers cause spiritual <i>"toxicity"</i> in others	4b-5a
The	sympt	oms: envy, dissension, slander, evil suspicions, constant frict	ion
	•	,	
IV.	Fals	e teachers and their victims have no spiritual "immunity"	5b
	A.	They are depraved in	
	B.	They are deprived of	
	C.	They imagine their "godliness" will make them \$\$\$.	
V.	Falc	e teachers and their followers are destroyed	
٧.		heir "disease"	6-10
	A.	They are not really	
	B.	They don't have	
	C.	They have: desire, lusts, love of money.	
	D.	They suffer spiritual	

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

A brief word study:

ύγιαίνω to be sound, in good health, metaph. of one whose Christian opinions are free from an admixture of error, true and incorrupt doctrine (Thayer) transliterated into English: hygiene "the practice or principles of keeping yourself and your environment clean in order to maintain health and prevent disease." (Cambridge English Dictionary) Of the 12 occurrences of this word in the New Testament 8 are found in Paul's pastoral letters (from LSB) Luke 5:31 And Jesus answered and said to them, "It is not those who are well who need a physician, but those who are sick. Luke 7:10 And when those who had been sent returned to the house, they found the slave in good health. Luke 15:27 And he said to him, 'Your brother has come, and your father has killed the fattened calf because he has received him back safe and **sound**.' (being healthy) 1 Tim 1:10 ... and whatever else is contrary to **sound** teaching, 1 Tim 6:3 If anyone teaches a different doctrine and does not agree with **sound** words those of our Lord Jesus Christ—and with the doctrine conforming to godliness, 2 Tim 1:13 Hold to the standard of sound words which you have heard from me, 2 Timothy 4:3 For the time will come when they will not endure *sound* doctrine, Titus 1:9 so that he will be able both to exhort in **sound** doctrine and to reprove those who contradict. Titus 1:13 reprove them severely so that they may be sound in the faith, Titus 2:1,2 But as for you, speak the things which are proper for *sound* doctrine. Older men are to be temperate, dignified, sensible, **sound** in faith, in love, in perseverance. 3 John 1:2 The elder to the beloved Gaius, whom I love in truth. Beloved, I pray that in all

respects you may prosper and be in good *health*, just as your soul prospers.

PASTORAL

LETTERS

House Rules for God's Church

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #19 Fight the Good Fight God's Way 6:11-16 I. We must _____ 11a "...these things..." II. We must_____ 11b "...righteousness, godliness, faith, love, steadfastness, gentleness." III. We must_____ **12a** A. It's a good fight B. It's a fight of the faith

- IV. We must ______ 12b

 A. We have eternal life
 - A. We have eternarine
 - B. We were called to eternal life
 - C. We made the good confession
- V. We must_____the commandment 13-15a
 - A. Keep it unstained
 - B. Keep it free from reproach
 - C. Keep it until Christ returns
- VI. We must remember who our God is 15b-16
 - A. He is the author and sustainer of life (v.13)
 - B. He is coming back (vv. 14,15)
 - C. He is the blessed and only Sovereign
 - D. He is the King of the reigning ones
 - E. He is the Lord of the ruling ones
 - F. He is the only one with immortality
 - G. He is the one whom no one has seen or can see
 - H. He is worthy of eternal honor and dominion

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #20 Be Rích.....ín Good Works 6:17-19

"...nor to set their hope on the uncertainty of riches..."

I. When we set our hope on riches:

- A. our focus is on the present
- B. our funding is selfish
- C. our foundation is shaky

"...but ...(to set their hope) on God..."

II. When we set our hope on God:

- A. our focus is also on the future
- B. our funding will include others
- C. our foundation is solid.

Rich believers should not set their hope on uncertain *riches*, but on our God who *richly* gives us all things and motivates and enables us to be *rich* in good works.

For you know the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, that though being rich, yet for your sake He became poor, so that you through His poverty might become rich.

2 Corinthians 8:9 LSB

"...how one ought to behave in the household of God..."

1 Timothy 3:15

Rule #21 Guard the Sacred Trust 6:20,21

- I. We must guard the good deposit 20a
 - A. It is a sacred trust
 - B. It is apostolic teaching, "the faith"
 - C. It is our individual spiritual lives
- II. We must avoid the false teaching 20b-21a
 - A. It is "...irreverent babble and contradictions..."
 - B. It is false "knowledge"
 - C. It will wreck your spiritual life
- III. We must rely on the grace of God 21b
 - A. It is God's unmerited favor through Christ
 - B. It is our strength and enablement
 - C. It is with us always

You therefore, my child, be strong in the grace that is in Christ Jesus.

And the things which you have heard from me in the presence of many witnesses, entrust these to faithful men who will be able to teach others also.

2 Timothy 2:1,2 LSB